

MASON'S
O.K. SAUCE,
O.K. PICKLES,
MANGO CHUTNEY,
WORCESTERSHIRE
SAUCE,
MUSTARD SAUCE,
TOMATO CATSUP.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1867.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

COME AND HEAR
WISEMAN'S
New Orchestra
4.30 AND 7.30

No. 18,843. 號九十四百八千一第 日五十月九年午戊 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1918. 大拜禮 號九十月十年七國民華中 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
PORTLAND CEMENT.
In Casks 375 lbs. net.
In Bags 250 lbs. net.
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers. Ltd.

AQUARIUS
WATERS.

Shipped by the

AQUARIUS CO.,

SHANGHAI.

SOLE AGENTS:

CALDBECK,
MACGREGOR & Co.

14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Telephone No. 75.

CARTRIDGES.

ARRIVED!!!

A large consignment of
SPORTING CARTRIDGES,
principally loaded
with E. C. Powder.

HONGKONG SPORTING ARMS AND
AMMUNITION STORE,
5-6, Beaconfield Arcade.

11396

A LING & CO.

14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS
STORE.

Photographic Goods of Every Description
in Stock.

Developing, Printing and Enlarging
Camera Pictures in Various Shades.

TELEPHONE 1212.

11396

PEAK TRAMWAY COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE

WEEK DAY.	
7.00 a.m.	to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00	" " " " " 10 "
9.00	" " " " " 15 "
10.00	" " " " " 15 "
11.00	" " " " " 15 "
12.00 noon	to 1.30 p.m. " 15 "
1.30	" " " " " 15 "
2.00	" " " " " 15 "
2.30	" " " " " 15 "
3.00	" " " " " 15 "
3.30	" " " " " 15 "
4.00	" " " " " 15 "
4.30	" " " " " 15 "
5.00	" " " " " 15 "
NIGHT CASE.	
5.50 p.m.	8.30 p.m. 10 p.m. 11.00 p.m.
11.30 p.m.	and 11.45 p.m.
SUNDAY.	
7.30 a.m.	to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00	" " " " " 10 "
10.30	" " " " " 15 "
11.30	" " " " " 15 "
12.00 noon	to 1.30 p.m. " 15 "
1.30	" " " " " 15 "
2.00	" " " " " 15 "
2.30	" " " " " 15 "
3.00	" " " " " 15 "
3.30	" " " " " 15 "
4.00	" " " " " 15 "
4.30	" " " " " 15 "
5.00	" " " " " 15 "
NIGHT CASE.	
8.50 p.m.	8.30 p.m. 10 p.m. 11.00 p.m.
11.30 p.m.	and 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CASES by arrangement at the
Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des
Vaux Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for all
cars not already full running at the time
issued in the Company's time-tables, but not
for special use, can be obtained on applica-
tion at the Company's Office. No season
tickets will be issued until payment therefor
has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque
or Compendium Order representing Bank
Notes.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

11396

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

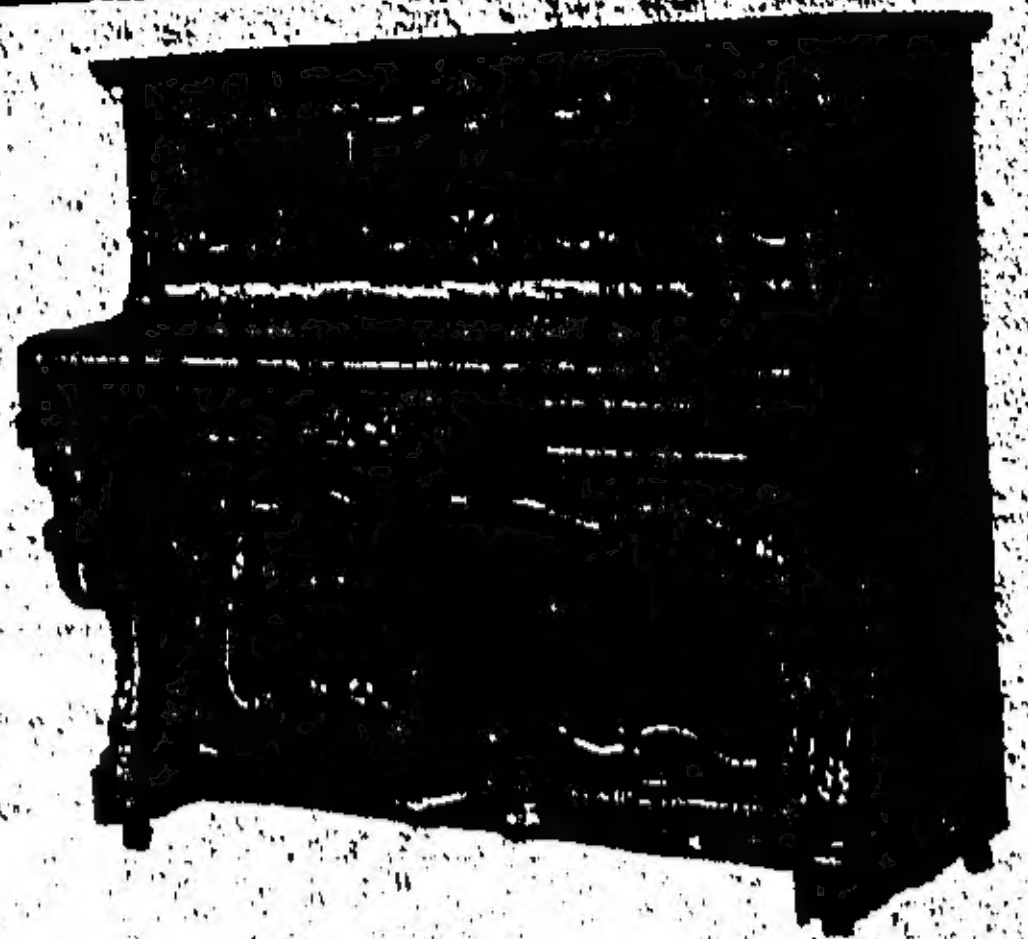
On and after MONDAY, 10th June, 1918, until further Notice.

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations	No. 1 Through Express P.M.	No. 2 Local A.M.	No. 3 Local P.M.	No. 4 Local A.M.	No. 5 Local P.M.	No. 6 Through Express P.M.	No. 7 Local P.M.	No. 8 Local A.M.	No. 9 Local P.M.	No. 10 Local A.M.	No. 11 Local P.M.	No. 12 Through Express P.M.	No. 13 Local P.M.	No. 14 Local A.M.	No. 15 Local P.M.	No. 16 Local A.M.	No. 17 Local P.M.	No. 18 Local A.M.	No. 19 Local P.M.	No. 20 Local A.M.	No. 21 Local P.M.	No. 22 Local A.M.	No. 23 Local P.M.	No. 24 Local A.M.	No. 25 Local P.M.	No. 26 Local A.M.	No. 27 Local P.M.	No. 28 Local A.M.	No. 29 Local P.M.	No. 30 Local A.M.	No. 31 Local P.M.	No. 32 Local A.M.	No. 33 Local P.M.	No. 34 Local A.M.	No. 35 Local P.M.	No. 36 Local A.M.	No. 37 Local P.M.	No. 38 Local A.M.	No. 39 Local P.M.	No. 40 Local A.M.	No. 41 Local P.M.	No. 42 Local A.M.	No. 43 Local P.M.	No. 44 Local A.M.	No. 45 Local P.M.	No. 46 Local A.M.	No. 47 Local P.M.	No. 48 Local A.M.	No. 49 Local P.M.	No. 50 Local A.M.	No. 51 Local P.M.	No. 52 Local A.M.	No. 53 Local P.M.	No. 54 Local A.M.	No. 55 Local P.M.	No. 56 Local A.M.	No. 57 Local P.M.	No. 58 Local A.M.	No. 59 Local P.M.	No. 60 Local A.M.	No. 61 Local P.M.	No. 62 Local A.M.	No. 63 Local P.M.	No. 64 Local A.M.	No. 65 Local P.M.	No. 66 Local A.M.	No. 67 Local P.M.	No. 68 Local A.M.	No. 69 Local P.M.	No. 70 Local A.M.	No. 71 Local P.M.	No. 72 Local A.M.	No. 73 Local P.M.	No. 74 Local A.M.	No. 75 Local P.M.	No. 76 Local A.M.	No. 77 Local P.M.	No. 78 Local A.M.	No. 79 Local P.M.	No. 80 Local A.M.	No. 81 Local P.M.	No. 82 Local A.M.	No. 83 Local P.M.	No. 84 Local A.M.	No. 85 Local P.M.	No. 86 Local A.M.	No. 87 Local P.M.	No. 88 Local A.M.	No. 89 Local P.M.	No. 90 Local A.M.	No. 91 Local P.M.	No. 92 Local A.M.	No. 93 Local P.M.	No. 94 Local A.M.	No. 95 Local P.M.	No. 96 Local A.M.	No. 97 Local P.M.	No. 98 Local A.M.	No. 99 Local P.M.	No. 100 Local A.M.	No. 101 Local P.M.	No. 102 Local A.M.	No. 103 Local P.M.	No. 104 Local A.M.	No. 105 Local P.M.	No. 106 Local A.M.	No. 107 Local P.M.	No. 108 Local A.M.	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No. 681 Local P.M.	No. 682 Local A.M.	No. 683 Local P.M.	No. 684 Local A.M.	No. 685 Local P.M.	No. 686 Local A.M.	No. 687 Local P.M.	No. 688 Local A.M.	No. 689 Local P.M.	No. 690 Local A.M.	No. 691 Local P.M.	No. 692 Local A.M.	No. 693 Local P.M.	No. 694 Local A.M.	No. 695 Local P.M.	No. 696 Local A.M.	No. 697 Local P.M.	No. 698 Local A.M.	No. 699 Local P.M.	No. 700 Local A.M.	No. 701 Local P.M.	No. 702 Local A.M.	No. 703 Local P.M.	No. 704 Local A.M.	No. 705 Local P.M.	No. 706 Local A.M.	No. 707 Local P.M.	No. 708 Local A.M.	No. 709 Local P.M.	No. 710 Local A.M.	No. 711 Local P.M.	No. 712 Local A.M.	No. 713 Local P.M.	No. 714 Local A.M.	No. 715 Local P.M.	No. 716 Local A.M.	No. 717 Local P.M.	No. 718 Local A.M.	No. 719 Local P.M.	No. 720 Local A.M.	No. 721 Local P.M.	No. 722 Local A.M.	No. 723 Local P.M.	No. 724 Local A.M.	No. 725 Local P.M.	No. 726 Local A.M.	No. 727 Local P.M.	No. 728 Local A.M.	No. 729 Local P.M.	No. 730 Local A.M.	No. 731 Local P.M.	No. 732 Local A.M.	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MOUTRIE PIANOS

By continual excellence of manufacture, have established a reputation for quality of tone, lightness of touch and solidity of construction.

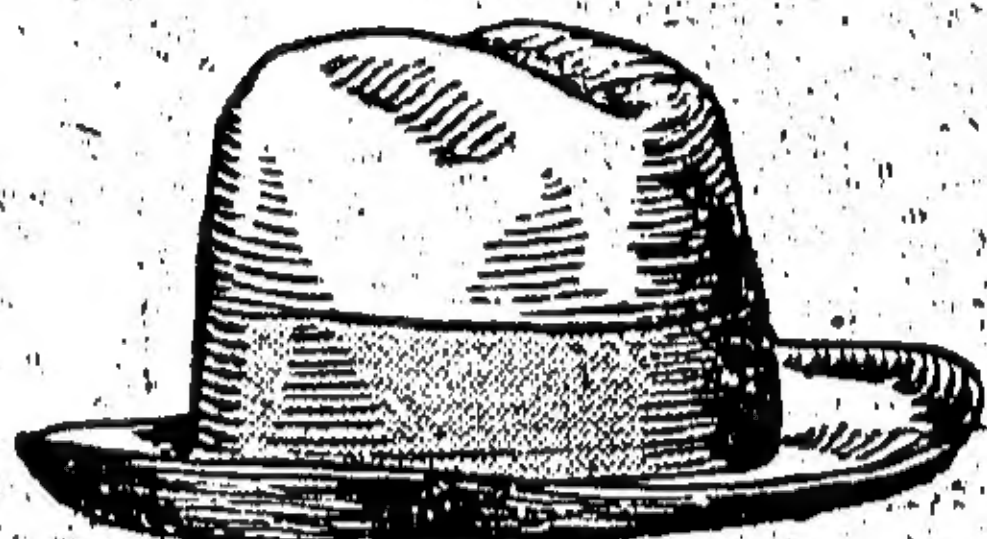


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are of marked distinction—distinction in fit and style—distinction in quality of felt—distinction in all the little niceties of workmanship that are demanded by discerning men.

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PRICE SENT ON APPLICATION.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

"OUR DAY"

(Thursday, October 24th).

ENTERTAINMENT AT THE BOTANICAL GARDENS

GATES OPEN AT 7.30 P.M.

RESERVED SEATS \$5.00 Each. For every \$5.00 ticket sold there will be a seat provided. The number is limited so buy your tickets at once.

UNRESERVED SEATS \$2.00 Each. For a large number of seats in the Gardens but not within the reserved enclosure.

REFRESHMENTS will be very kindly provided by Messrs. WISEMAN, LTD.

Tickets now on sale at—

MOUTRIE & ANDERSON MUSIC CO. and ROBINSON PIANO CO.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS BY MAJOR R. J. MORGAN, ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.

STRENGTH

The 993 J. W. Taylor was enrolled on 11th Oct. 1918, and posted to Mounted Section.

The Commandant records with deep regret the death of No. 203 Pte. H. L. Harrold (in the sinking of the *Albatross*).

No. 194 Spr. A. F. McIntosh and No. 358 Spr. J. F. Allen, Engineer Co., are permitted to resign, on leaving the Colony, to date from day of departure.

No. 713 Pte. J. A. Bullen, M.G. Co., is permitted to resign, on leaving the Colony, to date from day of departure.

LEAVE

Pte. F. R. J. Adams, "B" Co., is granted 6 weeks' leave, on business, from 14th Oct. 1918.

ARTILLERY COMPANY

Additional men are required from the Infantry Battalion for the Artillery Co. Names of men willing to transfer should be sent through unit Commanders to the Adjutant as soon as possible.

ORDERS FOR ARTILLERY COMPANY BY CAPTAIN J. R. W. ARMSTRONG, V.D.

PARADES AT BELCHER'S BATTERY.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 4.15 p.m. Left Half Co. Full drill.

Tuesday, 22nd Oct.: 7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. New Layers Class only.

Friday, 25th Oct.: 7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. Full drill.

4.15 p.m. Left Half Co. New Layers Class only.

ORDERS FOR ENGINEER COMPANY BY CAPTAIN W. RUSSELL.

18th to 25th Oct.: D. E. L. duties—Parades as per roster posted at Headquarters.

On and from 19th instant Engine Drivers at 5.30 p.m. Electricians at 5.45 p.m.

Officers sent for duty—Belcher, Capt. Russell; Lyseum, 2nd-Lieut. Templeton; Stonewall, 2nd-Lieut. Blackburn.

Instruction for higher ratings and N.C.O.s and men of the Infantry Battalion attached for duty—Class 1, at Belcher's at 8.30 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays for all who have not passed the "Proficient" rate (1/2) examination. Class 2, at Belcher's at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for all N.C.O.s and men of higher ratings, under Staff-Sergeants Overdone and Parsons.

R.E. and Sergt. Day, H.R.D.C. Class 3, at Lyseum at 8.30 p.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays, under Q.M.S. White and Staff-Sergt. Barelay, R.E.

Detail of duties at Lyseum from 17th to 31st Oct. inclusive is posted at Headquarters for information.

NOTICE

September pay and travelling expenses will be issued at Engineer Office, Headquarters, H.R.D.C. for all except Talook residents on Saturday the 19th instant between 10 a.m. and 12 noon and on Monday the 21st at the same time and place.

ORDERS FOR INFANTRY BATTALION BY MAJOR R. J. MORGAN.

ANNUAL MUSKETRY COURSE.

Part Range.

The following will attend on the dates named:—

Monday, 21st Oct.: Part 1, Practices 3 and 4.

6.30 a.m. Lieut. Col. A. O. Lang, Ptes. C. H. P. Hay, T. E. Pearce, A. G. M. Fletcher, G. F. Nightingale ("B" Co.), Lieut. Col. Davidson and Pte. G. B. Dunnett (M.G. Co.).

Tuesday, 22nd Oct.: Part 1, Practices 3 and 4.

6.30 a.m. Sergt. G. Morton Smith, Ptes. R. P. Thurnfield, E. Howard, J. W. Taylor (Mounted Section), Sergt. Mitchellmore (Sig. Section) and any others who wish to fire these practices at the Peak Range.

Friday, 25th Oct.: Part 2, Practices 5, 6, 7 and 12.

6.30 a.m. Pte. A. Morse ("A" Co.), Lieut. Col. A. O. Lang, Ptes. V. C. Graham, E. R. Hallifax, G. W. F. Burnett, S. H. Dodwell, C. H. P. Hay and A. G. M. Fletcher ("B" Co.).

Saturday, 26th Oct.: Part 2, Practices 5, 6, 7 and 12.

6.30 a.m. Ptes. T. E. Pearce, G. F. Nightingale ("B" Co.), Lieut. Col. E. Davidson, Pte. G. B. Dunnett (M.G. Co.), Sergt. G. Morton Smith, Ptes. R. P. Thurnfield, E. Howard, J. W. Taylor (Mounted Section), Sergt. Mitchellmore (Sig. Section), and any others who wish to fire these practices at the Peak Range.

PARADES—"A" COMPANY.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 4.45 p.m. No. 3 Platoon at King's Park Range. Annual Musketty Course, Part 3, Practices 17 and 18. Dress, drill order with pouches.

Tuesday, 22nd Oct.: 5.20 p.m. No. 2 Platoon on Polo Ground, Fall in at Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Fire Discipline training. Dress, drill order with pouches (no dummies).

Friday, 25th Oct.: 5.30 p.m. No. 1 Platoon on Murray Parade Ground. Squad drill. Dress, drill order.

Tuesday, 22nd Oct.: 5.15 p.m. No. 7 Platoon at Headquarters. Querry Bay men will parade at 8.30 p.m. Dress, drill order with rifles, no pouches or dummies.

5.15 p.m. No. 6 Platoon (M.G. Co.) and men as detailed by Platoon Commander at Kowloon Docks, T.E.T.

Wednesday, 23rd Oct.

4.45 p.m. No. 5 Platoon, Nos. 3 and 4 Sections, at King's Park Range. Annual Musketty Course, Part 1, Practices 3 and 4. Dress, drill order with pouches.

Friday, 25th Oct.: 4.45 p.m. No. 6 Platoon, Nos. 5 and 6 Sections, at King's Park Range. Annual Musketty Course, Part 1, Practices 1 and 2. Dress, drill order with pouches.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 4.45 p.m. No. 1 Gun team at King's Park Range. Annual Musketty Course, Part 3, Practices 17 and 18. Dress, drill order with pouches.

Friday, 25th Oct.: 7.10 a.m. Beginners' Class at Headquarters.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 5.30 p.m. At Jockey Club Stables. Dress, drill order.

Friday, 25th Oct.: 5.30 p.m. At Jockey Club Stables. Dress, drill order without rifles.

Tuesday, 22nd Oct.: 4.45 p.m. At King's Park Range. Annual Musketty Course, Part 1, Practices 1 and 2. Dress, drill order with pouches.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 5.30 p.m. Nos. 1 and 2 Sections on Murray Parade Ground. Squad drill. Dress, drill order.

Friday, 25th Oct.: 5.30 p.m. Nos. 3 and 4 Sections on Murray Parade Ground. Squad drill. Dress, drill order.

Monday, 21st, and Friday, 25th Oct.: 5.30 p.m. Recruits of all units except "D" Co., on Murray Parade Ground, under Sergt. Osberry (Monday) and Edmunds (Friday). Dress, drill order.

ORDERS FOR CIDER COMPANY BY 2ND-LIEUT. J. E. W. BARR.

Monday, 21st Oct.: 5.15 p.m. Nos. 1 and 2 Sections at Headquarters.

Wednesday, 23rd Oct.: 5.15 p.m. Nos. 3 and 4 Sections at Yau-mat Football Ground.

5.15 p.m. Band at Headquarters.

Hongkong, 18th October, 1918.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

ORDERS ISSUED BY MR. J. W. FRANKS, A.S.P. (RESERVE).

PARADES, CENTRAL, 5.30 P.M.

October 21st: No. 3 Co. and No. 2 Platoon, under Sergt-Major Roylance.

October 22nd: No. 1 Platoon, under Inspector Justice.

October 23rd: No. 2 Co., under Inspector Justice. Uniform, helmets with spikes.

STRENGTH. Pte. 88 Young Man Yuk is invalided out. Hongkong, 18th October, 1918.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

HONGKONG AND CHINA DISTRICT.

"Our Day," October, 24th.

"GUARD OF HONOUR."

1. Fall in on V.M.C.A. Parade Ground on Tuesday, 22nd instant, at 8 p.m. Dress—helmets, shorts, puttees, belts.

2. On "Our Day" fall in near Civil Service Recreation Club at 1.30 p.m. Dress, as above.

DUTY. Members detailed for duty will parade as ordered. Dress—helmets, shorts, puttees, haversacks (fitted), water-bottles (filled).

(Sd.) E. RALPHS, Actg. Asst. Commissioner. Hongkong, 19th October, 1918.

"AN UNPROFITABLE CASE"

GORDIUS NIELSEN v. SHANGHAI CLUB.

In H.M. Supreme Court, Shanghai, on October 19th, His Honour, Judge Sir Havilland de Saumarez delivered judgment in the case in which Mr. Gordius Nielsen asked for a declaration that he was still a member of the Shanghai Club and entitled to enjoy and exercise the privileges of such membership.

In dismissing the action with costs, His Honour said:—This is one of those unprofitable cases which it is sometimes the misfortune of the Court to have to try. It is the sort of case which arises out of a dispute between two individuals where the one who has got the worst of it, on grounds of vanity or ill temper, chooses to ventilate his grievance in the public court not for the purpose of establishing any right or righting any wrong, but, as far as one can see, in order to cause inconvenience or pain to his adversary. I say this with full appreciation of the fact that the expulsion of a member from a club is a very serious matter, but the plaintiff in this case has been so pains to impress upon us that he acts no store by being a member of the club and he seems to be little concerned as to his manner of leaving it. I, however, must deal with the contentions which have been put before me, and the law, I think, is very clear, and it is purely its application which can occasion any difficulty.

The sole matters on which the Court requires to be assured in a question of this kind are whether in expelling a member from a club the rules of the club have been observed, whether anything has been done contrary to natural justice, and whether the decision complained of has been bona fide.

His Lordship then proceeded to discuss in detail the various points raised by the plaintiff in regard to the procedure of the Committee of the Club.

PEKING NOTES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PEKING, October 24th.

THE PRESIDENT. Preparations for the inauguration of the new President to-morrow are well advanced, and there seems to be no danger of a hitch. No foreigners are to be invited because "of the limited space in the inauguration hall," but it is obvious that the real reason is not, as stated, having regard to the fact that at the installation of Yuan Shih-kai members of both Houses of Parliament—a much larger assembly than the present one—the diplomatic body, foreign advisers, foreign correspondents and others were invited to be present and there was no apparent overcrowding. It is understood that the authorities are uncertain with regard to the attitude which the Legations will adopt, and they prefer to judge of their views by the manner and number in which they attend the reception. Some of the nervous ones were anxious to arrange for representatives from the South to be present in order to forestall the inevitable objection to the election of the President on the ground of illegality, but that apprehension is not likely to be permitted to interfere with the scheduled programme.

THE RETIRING PRESIDENT. Feng Kuo-chang, the retiring President, will not leave Peking on the vacation of office, but will remain in the capital and give advice when called upon to his successor. He has bought a large house in the city, for which he paid \$100,000, and it is now being prepared for his occupation. Whether any undue persuasion has been exercised to induce him to remain here cannot be affirmed, but it is obvious that Feng would be a useful man to the ultra-constitutionalists if he went South, being, as he is, the only man whom they recognise as in a correct legal position. They contend that his term of office does not expire to-day. In these circumstances, it would not be surprising if he received a hint from the Militarists that it is advisable to remain within the city walls of Peking.

THE CABINET. Tuan Chih-jui will vacate office as Premier to-night, and Cheng Nun-hsun, the Minister of Interior, will act concurrently as Prime Minister. Tuan's nephew, Tuan Chieh-kwei, is to be replaced as Minister of War by General Tien Chung-yu, while Chow Tai-chi is expected to become Minister of Finance, which portfolio has been held concurrently by Tiao Ju-lin, who resigned this post but remains Minister of Communications—the richest plum in the Cabinet cake. Tuan Chih-jui is to be permitted to retain the Directorship of the War Participation Bureau. From the point of view of the peace-makers, this will be a mistake, as Tuan will command a well-equipped force with which to turn the scales in favour of persons and policies which he supports.

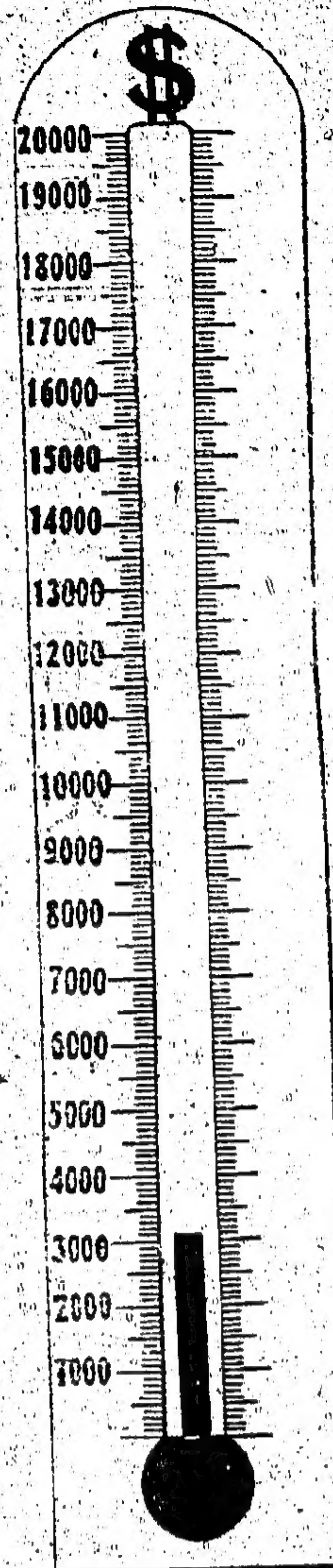
THE VICE-PRESIDENT. Parliament met informally last Saturday and agreed to assemble to-day, in order to elect Tiao Kun as Vice-President. Very curious is the reason given for this decision. Hsu Shih-chang, the new President, being an avowed pacifist, members of both Houses are said to entertain the belief that, in order to appease the South, the Senate be prepared to sacrifice Parliament. Consequently, it is argued that if Tiao Kun be elected Vice-President by Parliament on his merits—there being no cash nexus, as is reported to exist usually on such occasions—he will feel in duty bound to stand by the body which placed him in office. So far so good. Later in the day one of the smaller parties had a session and, after deliberation, came to the conclusion that it would be unwise to proceed with the election of Vice-President, inasmuch as it would close the door to a settlement with the South. If the elected Vice-President had to be sacrificed it would involve a "face-losing" process which is distasteful to all Chinese. This thought evidently proved disturbing, and it was not long before it was reported that absentees would make it impossible to obtain a quorum. In this way all faces would be saved. And so it has proved. At the moment of writing, word has reached me that no quorum was present.

A nice little comedy was staged again this morning in the precincts of the House of Representatives. Members of both Houses had been convened in order to elect a Vice-President, but for some reason there was no quorum. About 300 senators and M.P.s attended, and, after waiting for some time, Liang Shih-yi, who was in the chair, suggested that they should adjourn as there was no quorum. One member gravely dissented from this view, and advised that communication be established with the Zoological Gardens (There was no intimation with regard to the occupants of caged apartments). He explained that a big tiffin party was being given there. Along with other members of both Houses he had been invited, but, remembering that important business was set down for that date, he had not gone. Another suggestion came from the floor that another meeting be called for the afternoon, to which the Chairman replied that two meetings could not be held in one day, according to the rules. Eventually, it was decided to adjourn the meeting, but in the afternoon the attendance was just as limited, so the election could not be proceeded with. Tiao Kun is again a disappointed man.

THE INTERNMENT CAMP. It is fairly well-known that the Chinese Government has prepared a beautiful place in the Western Hills as a camp for the internment of enemy subjects. In fact, the Internment Regulations designated Yun Chu San Temple, in the Tangshan district, as the first camp. Elaborate preparations have been made for the internment of enemy subjects. The place has been written up and photographs of it have been printed in the Press. All this suggests that the Chinese really mean business. Now I hear that they have sent one of their medical officers to examine the place, and he has pronounced that the habitation of foreigners! Is it to be wondered at if foreigners have become sceptical regarding China's sincerity in this matter?

JAPAN AND BOXER INDEMNITY. Japan has agreed to remit the amount of the Boxer Indemnity still due by China, thus following the example of the United States of America. The amount of the principal unpaid is practically low and (Continued on foot of next column.)

LADY MAY'S ROSE FUND



Subscriptions received LAST YEAR by Lady May previous to "OUR DAY" amounted to \$15,861.00 and it is hoped that subscriptions this year will exceed \$20,000. All subscriptions will be acknowledged in the newspapers and the thermometer altered to show the amounts received to date. It is hoped that residents in the ports of South China, who will be unable to visit Hongkong on "OUR DAY," will avail themselves of this opportunity to subscribe to the Fund through this medium. All subscribers will receive a special rose.

Subscriptions should be addressed LADY MAY'S ROSE FUND, Government House, Hongkong. [2509]



Fighting Our Battles.

You have been saved this frightful work. Don't save your dollars but spare a few for those poor fellows over there and buy

Hongkong St. Andrew's Society WAR BOND DRAWING

December 31st, 1918.

Tickets on Sale at all Banks, Hotels

Clubs and Stores.

[2508]

a half million pounds sterling, but if the accruing interest be added the total is \$7,320,000. The conditions under which Japan agree to forego payment of this sum are not stated yet, but it is understood that the stipulations will provide for the money being utilised educationally or in the promotion of industries. From hints which have fallen, it may be presumed that it is the latter which will be favoured by Japan.

CORRESPONDENCE.
THE CINEMATOPH. [TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"]

Sir,—During the last few months I have visited various local Cinematograph-halls in search of that occasional relaxation and amusement so necessary to life in Hongkong, and I have been amazed at the apparent lack of enterprise shown by the parties responsible for the fare provided.

Surely this wonderful invention was not intended for the production of such unadulterated balderdash as, say, "Lucy's Last Love," etc. in anything up to twenty spasms?

When so many magnificent films—educational, instructive, amusing, and interesting from every point of view—are available, it passes my comprehension how theatres, allegedly catering for the public amusement, can systematically screen such futile piffle as the majority of these "continued-in-our-next" films undoubtedly are.—I am, etc.

Hongkong, October 18th, 1918.

LADY MAY'S ROSE FUND.

LIST NO. 11.

Already acknowledged	\$3,283.50
Messrs. W. R. Loxley & Co.	100.00
Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke	100.00
Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hooper	60.00
Mrs. Ross Thompson	50.00
Capt. T. H. Wollacott	50.00
Mrs. and Miss Garner	25.00
Mrs. B. Branch	25.00
Spanish Dominican Procuration	25.00
per Father Novak	25.00
Mr. Col. Mayhew	25.00
Mrs. D. M. Donnelly	25.00
Mrs. L. Forster	20.00
Mr. T. M. de Castro Basto	20.00
"H. G. S." (\$20)	120.18
Total	\$3,928.66

"THE BARTON MYSTERY."

The A.D.C. will give two performances only of this play for "Our Day" namely, on Thursday, November 7th, and Saturday, November 9th, at 9.15 p.m.—for which the public booking opens at Moutrie's on Tuesday, October 22nd, at 9 a.m.

"Caradoc," the Referee's Dramatic Gossip, in criticizing the original production of "The Barton Mystery" in 1916, wrote:—"A delightful bit of finely dramatic 'spook-spook'—the more delightful (and successful) because those who wish can find all the serious suggestions that they want, the fault being entirely their own if they do. Such is the new and happy arrival at the Savoy, in the shape of Mr. Walter Hackett's play, 'The Barton Mystery,' produced by Mr. H. B. Irving. The whole thing is just an exceedingly lively and clever dramatic entertainment, cunningly devised, brilliantly acted, full of pungent philosophical suggestion, yet never allowing itself to sink too deep in the mud of 'problem'—above all, a sure and joyous success."

"It is really a blend of two achievements in 'spook.' On the one side it makes excellent sport with the so-called 'science' of psychometry. By it a 'sensitive' is supposed to be capable of picturing to himself the details of an unknown occurrence on physical contact with some object concerned. In the course of the play, however, we have a little piece of more familiar 'spook'—a wild murder scene that the audience is not supposed to recognise as only a dream until it is over. So you can pay your money and take your choice—or, indeed have both!"

"For the psychometry we have to offer our sincere thanks to one Beverley, a grotesque 'physic' adventurer, and a flagrant humbug, whose powers are tried as a desperate resource in connection with the murder of a Mr. Barton. For this a young man of the name of Maitland had been arrested and condemned, he having been the last known visitor to Barton's rooms on the night of the murder. Little by little—although there is nothing that might not have been shrewd guesswork—Beverley, in between assaults upon the whisky and cigars, undoubtedly does get at certain facts. He says that the murder was committed by a woman. It was. He says that Mrs. Barton will be found to have a letter proving Maitland innocent. She has. All the while, everything is done to show that Beverley is a complete charlatan. In truth, there is so little need to premise occult powers in Beverley that many of the audience would have guessed what he suggested, without any hand-waving or talk of psychic ether at all. Some of us, right up to the last act, were expecting him to prove a detective in disguise. And yet, as he himself suggests in confessing that he is always ready for any handy trickery, there is no reason why, with it all, there should not be such a faculty as he claims. What are all scientific discoveries but guesswork confirmed by experiment?"

"One gathers, of course, from the finish that Mr. Hackett is even more of an infidel on dramatic truth than he is on psychometry. Yet he leaves it open for anyone to submit that there is just a possibility in both. Which is not only cleverness, but sanity."

SPORT.

CRICKET.

K.C.C. v. NAVY.

For this league match, to be played at Kowloon to-day, at 2.15 p.m. sharp, the home team will be represented by J. P. Robinson, L. E. S. Hodge, G. J. Stapleton, J. H. Mead, H. H. Taylor, L. J. Blackburn, H. Overy, A. de Sousa, E. J. Edwards, R. Weston; and A. N. Other.

C.C.C. v. K.C.C.

This friendly fixture will be played to-day on the Hongkong Club ground at 2.15 p.m. The following will represent the C.C.C.—T. F. Ford, F. G. Thompson, B. W. Bradbury, G. M. Goodall, M. H. Abbas, U. M. Omar, K. H. Rudolph, J. S. Graham, G. Manley, J. D. Norrie, and R. Basc.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

League football commences to-day, and all the teams in the second division are engaged with the exception of the University. If the summer weather of the last few days continues, the conditions will be rather against good football, and the 88th Co. R.G.A. v. Staff and Departments match, which is due to take place at 3 p.m., will be very trying to the players, who will almost need to play in helmets to be safe from the sun. Given good weather conditions, this match should produce some good sport. The teams are old rivals, and while the gunners are reported to be below their usual strength this year, the staff and Departments are probably as good as last year, although a little weak in the forward line. The game should be an even one.

The St. Joseph's College v. Kowloon match will be followed with interest. Two prominent players of the college team last year are turning out for Kowloon this year, but St. Joseph's should be able to put up a good game without them, for a few weeks ago the club was strong enough to contemplate entering two teams in the league.

The match between South China Athletic Reserves and the 88th Co. R.G.A. will, no doubt, attract the largest crowd. It will be well if the referee takes a very firm stand at the beginning of the season with regard to these crowds, and refuses to allow the match to continue in the event of any encroachment on the field of play by the spectators. Only very drastic measures will stop this bad practice, which is a source of annoyance to the players, the spectators, and the ordinary spectator. Another objectionable habit of Chinese supporters of local football is that of swarming on to the playing field during the interval. With one exception, some record crowds may be expected, and if these grievances are dealt with firmly at the outset a lot of trouble will be averted later on, when finals are approaching and excitement naturally runs high.

The remaining match is between the Royal Navy Reserves and the 88th Co. R.G.A. The Artillerymen will do very well indeed if they can avert defeat, for the sailors are very strong this year and their first division players are, of course, available for this match if required.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

HONGKONG LEAGUE, DIVISION 11.

St. Joseph's College v. Kowloon—Club ground. Kick-off, 4.30 p.m.
South China Athletic Reserves v. 88th Co. R.G.A.—Military ground. Kick-off, 4.30 p.m.
88th Co. R.G.A. v. Staff and Departments—Club ground. Kick-off, 3 p.m.
Royal Navy Reserves v. 88th Co. R.G.A.—Navy ground. Kick-off, 4.30 p.m.

H.M.S. "TAMAR," 1: STAFF AND DEPARTMENT, 0.

These teams met on the Naval Ground, Happy Valley, on Thursday, in a keenly-contested practice match. It was evident, shortly after the start, that the Navy were going all the way to win, but the Staff defence proved very disconcerting, continually checking the combined rushes of the opposing forwards. Sheriff, the Staff outside left, made several dashes up the wing, but kept the ball too long, the Navy clearing easily. The Navy forwards developed a fine turn of speed, keeping the Staff backs very busy. Neal, the Navy inside right, played a very strenuous game, and was responsible for the only goal scored, beating Strange with a fine shot at short range. This put the soldiers on their mettle, and at the first opportunity Ellerby broke away and dashed up the field. His effort, however, was unavailing, the other forwards not being up to assist. Not discouraged, he made a second attempt, this time grazing the cross-bar with a stinging shot from well off. The interval arrived with the score—Navy 1 goal; Staff, nil.

On play being resumed, the sailors pressed more than ever, and the Staff custodian had all his work cut out to keep the ball out of his net. Scouler and Wain, the soldier's backs, worked very hard, and only timely efforts on their part prevented an increase in the score. The Staff forwards could not get going somehow, thus making extra work for the half-backs. Knight, the centre half, was exceptionally busy. The sailors made several combined rushes in one of which Neal just missed the upright by a hair's breadth. In the latter part of the game play was mostly in the soldiers' half, the Tamar boys trying their utmost to increase the score. At one time it looked as though they had succeeded, but the referee gave a free kick to the Staff, one of the sailors handling the ball right in the goal mouth. This gave the Staff a short respite, keeping the play more in mid-field. When time was whistled the score was unchanged.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FRAUD.

FOUR CHINESE DEFENDANTS DISCHARGED.

"YOU HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF A FRAUD."

The Chinese community of Hongkong, among whom the well-known International Banking Corporation fraud created such a sensation, was very well represented at the Magistrate's on Thursday, when Mr. J. R. Wood discharged Lung Yung-kin, Commander in the Chinese Army and a nephew of General Lung; Wong Kwong-wai, secretary; Hui Shek-po, treasurer; and Leung Kin-hin, clerk to General Lung Chi-kwong, who were charged with being concerned in forging and uttering a cheque for \$150,000 on the International Banking Corporation.

The Crown Solicitor appeared for the Crown, and Mr. M. E. Lo for the defendants.

The Crown Solicitor, addressing the Magistrate, asked permission to withdraw the charges against the defendants. He said that, as a result of inquiries, it was not believed that they acted otherwise than innocently, and, as far as the Crown was concerned, there was nothing against them at all.

Mr. Lo stated that his clients could not seriously blame the Police for the wrong position in which they were placed. From the beginning of the case the defendants had placed all the facts before the Police, and had also stated what their defence would be. In a sense they regretted that the case was not being proceeded with, for they would have been able completely to vindicate their characters.

Mr. Lo went on to say that about May, 1918, the first defendant's uncle, General Lung Chi-kwong, as a result of certain transactions, instructed the first defendant to place a sum of \$150,000 on deposit with the International Banking Corporation. The first defendant also placed another \$150,000 in Chinese currency notes in the Bank of China. The first defendant took the money to the bank and received a deposit receipt. That receipt was in first defendant's possession from May until it was handed to his uncle in Peking. Later, as the transaction did not go through, his uncle deputed the first defendant to go down expressly from Peking to Hongkong to bring back the money.

Mr. Wood: This document was issued for that money—Mr. Lo: Yes. The first defendant came to Hongkong for the money which he had put into the bank and to draw which he had the express authority of his uncle. When he presented the receipt at the bank he was arrested because the deposit receipt was said to be forged. According to the duplicate forms had been found missing and how the fraud was perpetrated no one knew. The form was missing on April 20th, 1918, and the money was not put into the bank until May 29th. It was a very elaborate and clever fraud, but how his clients could have been connected with it was incomprehensible.

The second defendant had been in General Lung's service for many years and had been in Hongkong since May. When the first defendant arrived in the Colony, he requested the second defendant to accompany him, by way of precaution, to the bank to get the money.

The third defendant was General Lung's accountant, who, during his employment of three years in Hongkong, had handled over \$2,000,000.

The fourth defendant was a clerk in General Lung's employment, and had accompanied the first defendant to the bank. The Magistrate would see that instead of the first defendant having committed a fraud he had actually been defrauded.

Looking at the case, apart from the facts, nobody but a lunatic would believe that a man in the first defendant's position would actually go to the bank with a document to obtain money which he knew he had already withdrawn. To assume that the man who held a good receipt for four months and had not taken the money out, went to the bank to perpetrate a gigantic fraud with a forged document was absurd. When the defendant was arrested he had a deposit receipt for \$150,000 in Chinese currency in the Bank of Canton. If, therefore, a fraud had been committed upon the International Bank there was no reason why a fraud should not have been perpetrated on the Bank of China. Further, when defendants were on bail, they went to the International Bank and produced another deposit receipt, for \$20,000 which they drew. General Lung had sent a telegram to the third defendant stating that his nephew had left Peking for Hongkong to obtain the \$150,000 and inquiring if he had arrived. When a wire was sent to General Lung about the present trouble he immediately went to see the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu-pak, who was in Peking, and asked him to send a telegram to the two Chinese members of Council explaining the whole position. All those facts show, said his clients were absolutely innocent of the charge; and he asked the Magistrate to say that the defendants left the Court without a stain on their characters.

The Crown Solicitor: I would like to say that the Police were justified in the steps they took. The defendants were found to be in possession of certain forged documents.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

HONGKONG MAGISTRACY.

\$4,000 OPIUM FINE.

A Chinese was charged with being in unlawful possession of thirty-nine tads of non-Government opium.

It was stated that defendant was arrested in Wong Street, and the opium was found concealed round his waist.

Defendant stated that a friend gave him the opium.

Mr. Wolfe fined defendant \$4,000, with the alternative of eight months' hard labour. The opium was confiscated.

AN UNCIVILIZED YOUTH.

A Chinese youth was charged with pulling out the feathers of a bird, thereby causing it unnecessary pain.

The youth remarked that the bird was dying when he pulled out the feathers.

The Magistrate: If you were dying would you like someone to pull out your hair?

Defendant replied that he was ignorant of the law.

The Magistrate replied that the boy should be civilized enough to know that his bird was dead, with the alternative of 12 days' hard labour.

ALLEGED THEFT OF IRON BEAMS.

A Chinese man and woman were charged with stealing two iron beams, value at \$100.

Mr. A. J. Grist appeared for the defence.

It was stated that defendants were noticed removing the beams from the Douglas Company's wharf and putting them into a junk, which was lying alongside. When the junk left the wharf, a launch pursued it and arrested the master and his wife.

On the application of Mr. Grist, Mr. Wolfe remanded the case till Monday, fixing bail at \$150 each.

DUMPING A DEAD BODY.

Two Chinese were charged with dumping the dead body of a little child on the foreshore of Shaukiwan West.

Defendants stated that they were taking the little girl to the Dispensary for treatment and she died on the way.

Sergeant Jones replied that the defendants were taking the dead body to place it in the mortuary at Shaukiwan without the knowledge of the Police. An Indian constable arrested the defendants, the second of whom was engaged to carry the body.

Mr. Wolfe said he was satisfied that the first defendant had dumped the body, but, taking into consideration the fact that the body was dumped near the dispensary, he would not deal with the man severely. It was evident that defendant tried to save himself trouble by dumping the body near the dispensary, knowing that it would be picked up by the dispensary authorities. It was a bad practice and must be put a stop to. He fined defendant \$10; in default, three weeks' hard labour. He would discharge the second defendant, as he was obviously acting under the orders of the first defendant, who had engaged him to carry the body.

SIR CHARLES ELIOT'S APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of Sir Charles Eliot, Principal of Hongkong University, as British High Commissioner in Siberia, with diplomatic rank, is an important step which was urged some time since by those on the spot, and the need of which is illustrated by the protracted disputes still going on between the rival Governments (says the *L. and C. Express*). We understand the appointment of Sir Charles is the result of a decision on the part of his Majesty's Government to have a single High Commissioner at Vladivostok to whom all the British missions, except naval and military missions, should be responsible, thus forming a parallel to similar action on the part of the British Government in Northern Russia, where British missions are now responsible to Mr. F. O. Lindley, who is British High Commissioner for Northern Russia, with Headquarters at Archangel. We may recall that Sir Charles Eliot resigned in 1904 the post of Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief in the East Africa Protectorate after conflict with the Foreign Office which attracted considerable attention at the time, and has since devoted himself to the interests of education. He was successively Vice-Chancellor at Sheffield University, and first Principal of the new University of Hongkong. He had previously had a distinguished record in the diplomatic service at Petrograd and Constantinople, and Washington, and whilst at the latter capital his recognised abilities were employed in representing British interests on the International Commission appointed to restore order in Samoa. To his diplomatic qualifications Sir Charles Eliot adds a knowledge of many languages, including Russian, and a close acquaintance with the races of Asia, where he has travelled extensively.

Mr. Wood, addressing the defendants, said: I have listened with pleasure to the statement made by the Crown Solicitor and by the solicitor for the defence. You were found in possession of a forged deposit receipt, and because that deposit receipt was a forged one you were arrested and were charged in this Court. Since the day of your arrest, the matter has been thoroughly investigated, and, as a result, the Crown Solicitor entirely and unreservedly withdraws the charge. The investigation has shown that, instead of being parties to a fraud yourselves, you have been the victims of a fraud. What has happened in this Court should not in any way adversely affect your reputation. You are discharged.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CURRIEMHOY & CO., LTD.

DURING my absence from the Colony Mr. JOSEPH HASSUM is in charge of this Office.

A. R. AYASIA,
Manager. [2555]

AMERICAN RED CROSS ANNUAL MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the HONGKONG CHAPTER of the AMERICAN RED CROSS will be held at the Hongkong Hotel at 5 P.M. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23RD.

At this Meeting Bye-Laws will be adopted and a new Executive Committee will be elected.

S. E. HODGE,
Secretary. [2556]

Hongkong, October 15th, 1918.

GYMKHANA CLUB SWEEP

"OUR DAY DERBY"

to be run on OCTOBER 24TH.

25% of the total amount will be given, without deduction for expenses, to the "OUR DAY RED CROSS FUND," and the remainder will be divided as follows:

70% to the winner.
20% to the second.
10% to the third.

The drawing will take place at the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB Rooms (Cheong Road) at 8.30 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23RD. Subscribers are invited to be present.

The names of the Drawers of ponies and particulars of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes will be published in the morning papers of October 24th.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE undersigned have received instructions from Messrs. F. W. SMITH & Co., CHIFFO, to sell by Public Auction, TO-DAY (SATURDAY),

OCTOBER 19TH, 1918, commencing at 11 A.M. and continuing at 2.30 P.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, corner of Lee House Street,

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Also

A quantity of best quality Shanlee Silk (heavy pongee), Coloured Girdles of China for dresses, A quantity of superior quality Longcloth in 15 yds. lengths, A quantity of fine Nainsook in 12 yds. lengths.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue) On view from FRIDAY, October 18th. Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, October 16th, 1918. [2549]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION

No. S. 275.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that SEALED TENDERS, in duplicate, which should be clearly marked "TENDER FOR MEDICAL DEPARTMENT CONTRACT," will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office until Noon of THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31st, 1918, for the supply of Aerated Waters; Bedding and Clothing; Beers, Spirits, Wines, etc.; Spirit of Wine; Chemicals, Drugs, Surgical Instruments, and Sundries; Furniture, etc.; Milk, etc.; Provisions; Sundries; and Washing; Schedules Nos. 1 to 10 required locally by this Department for the period of one year from the first of January next inclusive.

Application should be made to the Colonial Secretary's Office for the necessary forms of tender. All other information may be obtained from the Principal Civil Medical Officer at the Civil Hospital.

J. T. C. JOHNSON,
Principal Civil Medical Officer.
Hongkong, October 16th, 1918. [2553]

NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN, Non-Asiatic or Indian desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the General Police Station between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers.

All persons with certain exceptions who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1918.

Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non-compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

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Further particulars on application to the—

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M. ROUET DE JOURNEL,

Manager. [2538]

Hongkong, October 16th, 1918.

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Manager—Mrs. ALLEN. [2539]

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INTIMATIONS

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office at Noon TO-DAY (SATURDAY), OCTOBER 19TH, 1918.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 5th to the 19th of October, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, September 25th, 1918. [2448]

HONGKONG TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

LOST.

TRANSFER RECEIPT No. 250 issued to Mr. CHIU HONG PING for Transfer of 250 shares of this Company into his name having been MISLAIN, LOST, OR DESTROYED, NOTICE IN HEREBY GIVEN that unless the said Receipt is produced at this Office within 30 days from the date hereof, the Certificate for the said Shares will be delivered to the said Mr. CHIU HONG PING, and the Transfer Receipt will thereafter be held by the Company as null and void.

By Order of the Board,
W. E. ROBERTS,
Secretary. [2471]

Hongkong, October 1st, 1918.

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THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd. [25]

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DEATHS.

CLARK—Killed in action, in France, on October 2nd, JAMES CLARK. [2552]

HARKER TAYLOR—Killed on the night of August 10th, Captain HAROLD HARKER TAYLOR, Chinese Labour Corps, late of Shanghai, aged 41.

Hongkong Office, 110, Des Voeux Road, C. LONDON Office, 181, Fleet Street, E.C.

The Daily Press.

Hongkong, October 19th, 1918.

THE BUDGET DISCUSSION.

The Legislative Council meeting on Thursday was remarkable for the interest and variety of the topics discussed. Indeed, H.E. THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT stated that the debate had traversed more points, and had been more satisfactory in every way, than any to which he had listened, on the second reading of the Supply Bill, during his six years' residence in the Colony. An equally striking feature was the atmosphere of toleration and goodwill that pervaded the proceedings. There was no lack of criticism but, instead of resenting this, as they have frequently done in the past, the Government welcomed it as an evidence of interest on the part of the unofficial members in the affairs of the Colony. "I am glad to see that hon. members have asked for information on certain points," said His Excellency, "and have brought forward a number of most interesting and most useful proposals, to which the Government will undoubtedly give their best consideration." We can only hope that the result will be the early introduction of measures designed to secure some of the more urgently needed improvements sought. As an earnest of his good intentions, H.E. THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT declared that he was in entire sympathy with the demand for a suitable hospital for Europeans and if he could do anything in the matter he certainly would. This promise was made in answer to a plea by the Hon. Mr. H. W. BISHOP that the Government Civil Hospital and the Lunatic Asylum—

buildings which he properly described as "a standing disgrace to the Colony—should both be pulled down and replaced by something more worthy of Hongkong, either on a site at Kennedy Town, which could be made easily accessible for stretcher cases by motor-ambulance, or on the site that will be available when Morrison Hill is cut down to provide the filling for the long-delayed Praya East reclamation scheme. As we pointed out a couple of years ago, the Government Civil Hospital is situated in a low-lying, squalid, and insalubrious quarter of the city, and the land could probably be sold for a sum that would go a long way towards defraying the cost of erecting an up-to-date hospital in a more suitable locality. We may mention, in passing, that attention was drawn by the Hon. Mr. P. H. HORTON to the grievance which the European community feel at the exclusion of maternity cases from the Victoria Hospital on Barker Road, which was erected partly by public subscription, and he warned the Government that, unless they took steps to see that the institution was restored to the purpose for which it was intended, he would move the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the question. By an oversight, no doubt, no reference was made to this in the Government's reply. When, however, complaint was made of the failure of the Government to provide a wholesale poultry market, as suggested by a Committee of the Sanitary Board, in order to do away with the existing nuisance in Ke Shing Street and Li Shing Street, H.E. THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT promptly answered: "If you want a poultry market, you can have it at once." He also expressed the hope that some arrangement might be reached whereby the same code of storm signals would be employed by the Hongkong Observatory and the Meteorological authorities in China, as urged by the Hon. Mr. D. LANDALE on behalf of the shipping community. Another important admission made by the OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT was that he was "particularly struck" by the suggestion that the estimates for the Public Works Department should be submitted to the Public Works Committee—enlarged so as to comprise all the unofficial members of the Council—for consideration before being presented to the Council. To the Chinese Members the assurance was given that the Confucian and Tung Wah Schools would be brought under the Grant-in-Aid scheme, and that the Government would consider the question not only of improving vernacular schools but also of making them free or reducing the fees to a merely nominal sum. These are the chief points upon which the Government were more or less definitely in agreement with the Unofficial Members. There were many other matters in regard to which the Government adopted a sympathetic attitude, such, for example, as the encouragement of house-building, development of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, improvement of the harbour, provision of educational facilities for Europeans, revision of salaries paid to Civil Servants, and administration of the Widows and Orphans' Fund. As it is impossible to discuss these within the limits of a single article we shall reserve our comments upon them for a subsequent issue.

One case of enteric fever was notified in the Colony on Thursday.

The drawing for the sweep on "Our Day" Derby will take place on the 23rd instant.

An auction sale of special interest to India will be held by Messrs. Hughes & Hough this morning.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 5th October amounted to 61,575 tons and the sales to 44,868 tons.

The annual meeting of the Hongkong Chapter of the American Red Cross will be held at the Hongkong Hotel on Wednesday, October 23rd at 5 p.m.

A Chinese woman, aged 31 years, has been sent to the Government Civil Hospital, suffering from injuries to the head as a result of being knocked down by a motor-car in Praya East.

The death occurred of Captain B. Nakano, master of the s.s. *Uruga Maru*, while his ship was entering Hongkong harbour on Wednesday. The deceased was 55 years of age. The cause of death is not known.

Subscriptions to Lady May's Rose Fund should be addressed to Government House. The Fund will be open for a few days more, and it hoped that those wishing to subscribe will do so at once. Each subscriber will receive a special rose.

"The Stunts," organised by Mr. P. A. Rosario, will appear in farce and musical medley at the Victoria Theatre on Tuesday, October 23rd. The proceeds of the entertainment will be given to "Our Day" Fund. Booking is at the Anderson Music Co.

General Sir Alfred Gaselee, G.C.B., G.C.I.E., of Grove End, Guildford, who was in command of the British Expeditionary Force in China in 1900, and who died on March 29th, aged 73, has left estate of the gross value of £12,444, including personality of the net value of £7,768.

Lieut. R. A. Edwards, West Yorkshire Regiment, who was wounded on July 14th in a successful attack, and died in a field ambulance the same day, was the youngest son of Lieut. E. H. Edwards, R.A.M.C., and the late Mrs. S. Florence Edwards, of Rochdale, and formerly of Taiyuanfu, China.

A Chinese woman, aged 40 years, attempted to commit suicide on Thursday evening by jumping into the harbour at Kennedy Road. A boatman immediately fished her out and took her to the Police Station. Thence she was removed to the Government Civil Hospital and subsequently to the Lunatic Asylum, as she is believed to be insane.

It is announced that Mr. G. P. Paton, assistant in the office of the British Commercial Attaché in Tokio, has gone to Vladivostok to assist Sir Charles Eliot, High Commissioner in Siberia, and has been succeeded by Mr. E. D. Butler. The latter's place as assistant in the British Consulate-General in Yokohama is taken by Mr. H. A. McCune, recently attached to the British Embassy.

Lieut. C. Farebrother Mason, of the firm of Messrs. F. X. d'Almada & Mason, solicitors, of Hongkong, has been awarded the Military Cross. Lieut. Mason, who was formerly Chief Inspector in the Police Reserve, is serving in France with the Machine Gun Corps. The news of the distinction which he has won will be warmly welcomed by his old colleagues and by his many friends.

A stabbing affray took place on Thursday afternoon on the first floor of No. 124, Third Street, West Point, a Chinese receiving three severe wounds—two on his back, and one on his side. He was immediately removed to the Government Civil Hospital, where his condition is reported to be critical. The police have arrested the alleged assailant who was subsequently charged at the Police Court. The case was remanded for a week.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Singapore Cricket Club held on October 10th, the following resolutions were to have been put before the meeting:—(a) Any member who is or was on August 4th, 1914, a German, Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian, or Turkish subject shall cease to be a member of the Club and (b) No German, Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian, or Turkish subject shall be eligible for election as a member of the Club.

At the suggestion of the American Minister in Peking, says the *Chinese Press*, the Chinese Government has authorised the Inspector-General of Maritime Customs to instruct Mr. Wade, Commissioner in Shanghai, to issue 75 big bags of Indian opium, 25 cassettes of small-packet opium, 390 pounds of red opium, three pounds of cocaine and 30 pounds of morphia, from the Customs' storehouse for confiscated goods, as a contribution to the American Red Cross Society, for the making of drugs for the use of the American Army.

In H.M. Supreme Court, Shanghai, on October 11th, an application was made for the admission of Mr. F. C. Jenkin, barrister-at-law, to practice before the Court. Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, Crown Advocate, in making the application said that the applicant was a barrister of Gray's Inn and was now practising in Hongkong. His Honour, Judge Sir Haviland de Saumarez, said he had much pleasure in admitting Mr. Jenkin. He had had the pleasure of hearing him in another place, and had no doubt he would be illuminated by hearing his addresses in that Court.

THE WAR.

BRITISH TROOPS ENTER LILLE. OSTEND CAPTURED BY THE ALLIES.

REPORTS OF GERMANY'S CAPITULATION DENIED.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS OF RUSSIA CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

Franco-Belgian Front.

LATEST CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

BRITISH FRONT.

COMINES AND MENIN CAPTURED.

LONDON, October 17th.

Sir Douglas Haig states:—
During a successful local operation in the Selle Valley we captured Hauby with 300 prisoners.

The enemy continues his withdrawal on the Douai-Lille front. We are closely following and have reached a general line as follows:—Oignies, Carvin, Allennes-le-St.-Marais, Maugre and Capinghem.

There was sharp fighting between the enemy's rearguards and our advanced detachments. We took prisoners.

The Second British Army under General Plumer, co-operating with the Franco-Belgians, advanced eight miles in the past three days.

During this period, in spite of strong opposition, this Army captured Comines, Wervicq, Menin, Wevelghem, Heule and Curnex, and secured the northern portion of Courtrai.

The left bank of the Lys is now cleared of the enemy as far as the north-east of Harlebeke.

To-day we crossed the Lys between Armentieres and Menin.

ALLIES CAPTURE THOROUT AND COURTRAI.

LONDON, October 17th.

Sir Douglas Haig states:—
On October 16th Allied troops, under the King of the Belgians, continued their attacks between Dixmude and the Lys, and advanced to an average depth of over six kilometres.

The Belgians crossed the Yser north of Dixmude and occupied Schoorbeke.

The British crossed the Lys and pushed forward several kilometres beyond Menin. The Belgians captured Thorout.

The French captured Lichtervelde and Ardoye.

The British occupied Menin and have reported that they entered Courtrai. Over twenty villages were freed.

A NEW BRITISH ATTACK.

LONDON, October 17th.

Sir Douglas Haig states:—
We attacked at 5.30 this morning on the Bohain-Le Cateau front. So far we have made satisfactory progress.

BRITISH TROOPS ENTER LILLE.

LONDON, October 17th.

The British have entered Lille.

BRITISH TAKE POSSESSION OF OSTEND.

LONDON, October 17th.

The Admiralty states:—
Air Force contingents attached to the Navy, landed at Ostend this morning and reported that the town was clear of the enemy. Vice-Admiral Sir Roger Keyes landed at Ostend in the afternoon.

BELGIANS CROSS THE YSER.

LONDON, October 17th.

A Belgian communiqué states:—
Our troops continue to advance on the whole front of attack.

We crossed the Yser at Schoorbeke and made progress towards Schoore.

We captured Keyen, reached Praet-bosch and are enveloping the Thourout line.

We reached the railway station at Wynedele Hooge on the Thourout-Bruges road, where we are advancing between Thourout and Mandel.

The French troops reached Turfhanne, captured Lichtervelde, and gained the outskirts of Colescamp.

South of the Lichtervelde-Thielt railway we advanced beyond Ardoye.

BELGIANS REACH THE LYS.

LONDON, October 17th.

A Belgian communiqué states:—
The French entered Ardois Castle Park, from where the line runs to the outskirts of Emelghem.

Iseghem has been occupied.

Further east, the Belgians are beyond the railway station of Ingelmunster and reached Lys near Bavichove.

Several hundreds were taken prisoner to-day.

The enemy all day long bombarded Dunkirk and Lapanne.

EARLIER CABLES.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY GUNS TAKEN.

LONDON, October 17th.

Sir Douglas Haig states:—
In the towns and villages captured by the Second Army many civilians were freed.

Over 4,000 prisoners were taken and upwards of 150 guns captured.

We dropped ten tons of bombs on railways and hostile centres.

ALLIES SURROUND THOROUT.

LONDON, October 16th.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing this evening states:—
Though the Germans have hitherto conducted an enforced retirement with considerable skill the wastage of men and material is beginning to tell seriously, as the rapidity of the development of the Belgian drive testifies.

Thorout is surrounded. The whole situation is so liquid that the infantry advance in many places was broken up into detached forces. The material captured was colossal.

LATEST CABLES.

FRENCH FRONT.

PROGRESS NORTH-WEST OF SISONNE.

LONDON, October 17th.

A French communiqué states:—
To-day we made progress to the north-west of Sisonne carrying Notre-Dame-de-Liesse, and to the west of Grandpre, where the village of Talma was captured.

AMERICANS ON THE MEUSE.

LONDON, October 17th.

An American communiqué states:—
The First American Army continued its attacks and advanced on both sides of the Meuse.

TO-day we made progress to the north-west of Sisonne carrying Notre-Dame-de-Liesse, and to the west of Grandpre, where the village of Talma was captured.

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AMERICAN CAPTURE GRANDPRE.

LONDON, October 16th.

Reuter learns that the Americans have captured Grandpre, south-west of Lille and west of Carvin, the enemy is retreating, also immediately west of Lille, where we reached the outskirts of Haubertin in Flanders. We captured Hulse and Bavichove.

PROGRESS NORTH OF SISONNE.

LONDON, October 16th.

A French communiqué states:—
We made slight progress at night north of Sisonne.

North of Aafeld we checked a violent counter-attack supported by numerous artillery.

In the region of St. German Mont, south-west of Rethel, we captured the village of Azy.

The Near East.

LONDON, October 16th.

EARLIER CABLES.

ANOTHER SUCCESS IN PALESTINE.

ALLIES OCCUPY TRIPOLI AND HOMS.

LONDON, October 16th.

An official statement from Palestine states:—
At the occupation of Bejrout on October 8th we took prisoner 80 Turkish officers and 600 men.

Our armoured-car batteries entered Basleik on October 8th and ascertained that 500 Turks had surrendered to the inhabitants.

Our advanced cavalry and armoured cars occupied Tripoli (or Tarabulus) 40 miles N.N.E. of Bayrut, and Homs without opposition.

The Balkans.

LONDON, October 16th.

EARLIER CABLES.

SERBIANS 20 MILES NORTH OF NISH.

LONDON, October 16th.

A French communiqué states:—
The Allies are continuing to advance towards northern Serbia.

The Serbians captured Valiki and reached a point 20 kilometres north of Nish, taking a large number of prisoners. In Albania the enemy is retiring upon Ipek.

General.

LONDON, October 16th.

EARLIER CABLES.

RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

PARIS, October 17th.

A Russian message states that the ex-Generalissimo, Grand Duke Nicholas, has been condemned to death.

INDIAN REFORM.

LONDON, October 17th.

Writing in the *Pall Mall Gazette* on Indian Reform, Lord Islington, after assuming that certain changes will be made in the India Office and the Constitution of the India Council, proceeds to say that he believes, for instance, that the Secretary of State in Council would prove a more effective confirming authority than the Political Resident regarding matters pertaining to the development of trade and industry in India. Being in the financial centre of the world, the Secretary of State can easily place himself in communication with those concerned in finance and trade who will be in a position to afford him expert advice. Thus India would have everything to gain and nothing to lose through the abolition of the indirect method.

EARLIER CABLES.

BRITISH RECOGNITION OF POLISH ARMY.

LONDON, October 16th.

Reuter learns that the Government has recognised the Polish National Army as an autonomous, allied co-belligerent.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, October 16th.

The silver market is quiet.

THE CENTRAL POWERS AND PEACE.

LONDON, October 16th.

In the House of Lords, a debate on the treatment of British prisoners-of-war in Germany evoked an outburst of strong feeling.

Lord Newton on behalf of the Government, said that the Government had, since the beginning of the war, kept a careful list relating to the conduct of all German prison commandants. The list contained a large number of men against whom very much could be said.

He expressed the hope that, when the day of reckoning came, these would not be allowed to escape, but would be held personally responsible and would pay the penalty for their actions.

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CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG NGOI SAN PU.")

REPORTED LOAN.

PEKING, October 18th.

It is reported that a loan of Yen 100,000,000 from Japan was arranged in Tokyo on September 23rd and that \$20,000,000 will be to cover China's expenditure in connection with the European war.

TWO EX-PRESIDENTS.

Fung Kuo-chang and Li Yuen-hung, the two ex-Presidents and their supporters have established in Tientsin a very strong society to discuss peace proposals.

PEACE PROPOSALS.

The Peking Government has been informed that the South-West provinces will appoint Ng Pui-fu, the first Northern leader on the Hunan front to demand peace, as their chief plenipotentiary to negotiate peace terms with the North.

CANTON NEWS.

(BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG NGOI SAN PU.")

THE CIVIL GOVERNORSHIP.

October 17th.
It is reported that Shum Chun-Huen and the Tsuchun, Mok Wing-sun, have decided to force the Civil Governor, Li Yew-How, to hand over the Civil Governorship to Chak Wong, who was appointed by the Military Government.

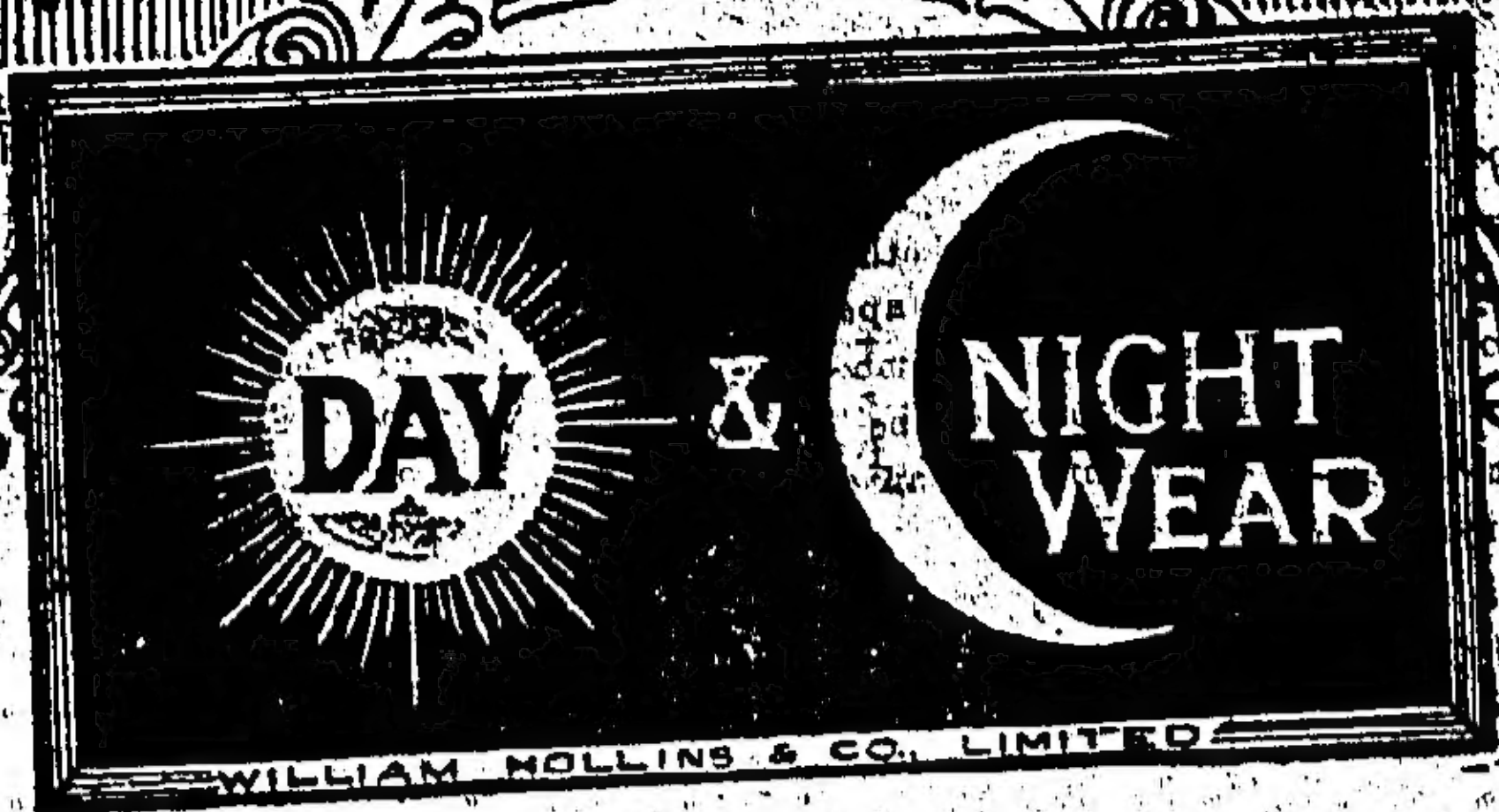
The Yunnanese troops have been recalled to Canton, and large bodies of other troops have been sent to Samshui. The Canton Arsenal has been ordered to send all ammunition to the Tsuchun's yamen, and other preparations have been made. It is said that if Li Yew-Hon does not obey the order to relinquish his office, an attack on him and Shiu-Hing will be commenced at once.

We also learn that a message has been sent to inform Li Yew-Hon about the matter, and ask his intentions. It is hoped that Li will retire, as much depends upon his answer to the Tsuchun.

THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND PARLIAMENT.

The declaration of war on the new President, Hsu Shih-chang, by the Military Government, has been withdrawn, as the result of something that has reached Shum Chun-Huen.

It is said that the Military Government has grown tired of the Parliament.



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IT'S VERY EASY TO GET RID OF SKIN TROUBLES With CUTICURA



Bathe with Cuticura Soap, dry and apply the Ointment

Stops itching instantly, clears away pimples, redness and roughness, removes dandruff and scalp irritation, heals red, rough and sore hands as well as most baby humors. You need not buy them until you try them.

Sample Each Free by Post With 22-p. Skin Book. (Box to cleanse and Ointment to heal.) Free samples address: Cuticura, P.O. Newbury & Sons, 27, Chancery Lane, London. Sold everywhere.

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JOHN JAMESON'S WHISKY unequalled for flavor and purity. Guaranteed to be PURE POT STILL WHISKY.

Famous for over 100 years. John Jameson & Son, Ltd., Dub. Distillers to H.M. The King.

BEEHAMS' La-rola

YOUR SKIN AND COMPLEXION

can be kept in a perfect condition by the use of Beehams' La-rola. It effectively removes all blemishes, freckles, pimples, etc., and is delightfully soothing and refreshing at all times. Of all high-class Cosmetics and Skincare, Beehams' La-rola is the only one manufactured in England.

M. BEEHAMS & SON, CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

CLARKE'S B. AL PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back, and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Dispensaries throughout the world.

"The whisky with the small label and the big reputation" is

JOHNNIE WALKER

Guaranteed same Quality throughout the World

JOHNNIE WALKER "White" Label. Over 6 years old.
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To safeguard these ages our policy for the future is the policy of the past. First and foremost to see that the margin of stocks over sales is always large enough to maintain our unique quality.

To be obtained from the Sole Agents for China: CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

JOHN WALKER & SONS Ltd., Scotch Whisky Distillers, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.



MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies have been cured of all kinds of menstrual troubles, and a healthy state of the system is thereby maintained. These pills are purely vegetable and contain no harmful drugs. All Chemists and Druggists sell them. Write for the World's Best Low Price. S.A.S. Ltd., Chemists, Southamptons, Eng.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS

(For Ladies) PILLS



THE GERMANS MUST BE RUBBED IN THE DUST.

MR. HUGHES AT ABERDEEN.

Mr. Hughes, Prime Minister of Australia, received the freedom of the city of Aberdeen on August 29th. The certificate of freedom announced the fact that it was granted in recognition of the magnificent response made by Australia to the cause of the Empire, and in appreciation of the prominent part taken by Mr. Hughes in Imperial affairs.

In response, Mr. Hughes said the honour conferred upon him was a thousand times enhanced by the fact that the last man to receive it had been Lord Roberts, who had given the latter part of his life to urging those preparations for war without which no nation, however great, could be secure. (Cheers.) Those who slumbered then, when he bade them be awake, now had the bitterest reasons to regret their sloth. He was proud to think that he had then spoken the same gospel as Lord Roberts. (Cheers.) In Australia his voice had influence, and did not stop short knocking against the granite walls of inertia, and when he spoke he could act, and he had acted. (Cheers.) To-day compulsory service for the defence of Australia was the law of the land. (Cheers.) The men and women of Scotland had done their part in this war nobly. They came of a race where weaklings had no place. For over a thousand years men had lived in Scotland only if they were able to defend themselves, and they had been the cradle in which they were reared. He rejoiced to think that the soldiers of that great fighting race considered the Australians worthy to fight by their side. (Cheers.) Australia had not shirked its share in the Empire's quarrel. She had a great continent, greater than France, Germany, Austria, and Italy together, over which she had to keep watch and ward, and yet she had sent out of the flower of her youth and manhood, 231,000 of the Empire's finest fighting men. (Cheers.) She had contributed vast stores of food to Britain and her Allies, and it had now been arranged that practically the whole of the American army was to be clothed with cloth made in Britain from wool grown largely in Australia. (Cheers.) This war was costing Australia a small people, nearly £100,000,000 a year. He was proud of what Australia had done, and proud that Aberdeen, the home of great Scottish fighters, had seen fit to express the appreciation of that effort by honouring him. (Cheers.)

Subsequently Mr. Hughes was entertained at lunch by the Corporation, and in responding to the toast of his health said that, although some might differ from him as to how Britain was to be saved, they must agree that something had to be done. (Cheers.) It was no good sitting down. New conditions had arisen, and they must be met in the spirit which, taking no count of precedents, had built the foundations of Britain's past greatness. (Cheers.) The spark of divine fire had been choked by the ashes of prosperity before the war, but now they had been blown away by the blast of war. Britain must come again to believe in herself, not because of what had been but because of what was to be; not because she had been great, but because she intended to be great.

OUR TRADE POLICY.

In the evening Mr. Hughes addressed a great public meeting. Would the pastures of the coming peace be green and succulent, or would they be barren and arid? The answer depended on our trade policy. "I bring before you," he said, "no nostrum. I don't tell you you can enter the kingdom of heaven by saying 'Lord, Lord.' What I do tell you is that you can be saved only by work, and hard work. You, and only you, can save yourselves. With fewer men to work we must yet produce more than we did before the war. He warned this country against the visions of Bolsheviki, I.W.W. men, syndicalists. They were all the same thing—visionaries at the best; and at the worst—well, he left it unnamed. If the workers followed them they would tread the road that led to destruction. Our chief men had been German-converted before the war. "All I will say on that is I am going to have them out." (Cheers.) This octopus has many tentacles. It has wormed its slimy way into our holy of holies. I do not know where it is or is not to-day—which part of Britain is clean and which is not. But this I say, that Britain will never be safe until we cut out the last tentacle, wherever it is." (Cheers.) There was no barbarity of which the Hun was incapable. Yet our pacifists asked us to shake him by the hand. These gentlemen, who were quite content with our pre-war conditions, kept speaking and speaking without saying anything. Would they tell him how they proposed to keep wages up to the present level after the war? It could be done only by organisation of our industries. Were we always to be Britain's the unready? Even this gigantic war was but an interlude in our history. These we grasped the present opportunity the tide of circumstances would have rushed past for ever. Only by bending the present generation of Germans and rubbing them in the dust could we make them livable citizens of the world. Referring to the competition that all British industries would have to face after the war, Mr. Hughes said that shipowners, among others, would have to meet the renewed competition of the world. "The German ships may not come here. They certainly will not come to Australia if I have anything to do with it." (Cheers.) Although some of my fellow-citizens in Australia may try to get them out here to put up a fight on the question, and if I have my way they will not come out there, and I think if Mr. Haylock Wilson and his seamen have their way they will not come here either. (Cheers.)

SKIN DISEASES

Overcome by the Wonderful Blood Purifying Properties of Dr. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS.

A person suffering from eruptions of the skin has much to endure. It is not merely the disfigurement and irritation and painful sensation, but life is made miserable by depression of spirits. The liver is torpid and the kidneys are partially inoperative, and you feel languid and weak. The disease is in the blood, and when the system is not cleansed through the usual channels, Nature asserts herself, and forces portions of the impurities through the skin in the form of Pimples, Boils and Blotches. External remedies—powders, ointments, lotions—only alleviate; they do not get at the cause. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills get at the cause by removing the disease from the Blood. They cleanse the system by stimulating the Liver and strengthening the Kidneys, which filter the Blood and throw off the impure matter through the regular channels.

DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS FOR THE LIVER

For Sale by Watkins, Ltd., Wholesale and Retail Agents, and Chemists and Stores generally, at 60 cents per bottle, or will be forwarded on receipt of price by The W. H. COMSTOCK CO., Ltd., (Sole Proprietors) 21 Farringdon Avenue, London, England. THEY DO NOT WEAKEN. THEY DO NOT SICKEN. THEY DO NOT GRIPE.

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Every part of the Royal is built to produce the finest work and to last for years and years. It has ended the evils of lost alignment and excessive repairs.

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ALL NOURISHMENT ARROWROOT

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It is "of INESTIMABLE VALUE as a food for all."—Dr. Virchow, Berlin.

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"OUR DAY"

PERFORMANCES

OF

"THE BARTON MYSTERY"

A spoofic fantasy in 4 parts by Walter Hackett

ON

THURSDAY, 7th November

AND

SATURDAY, 9th November

AT 9.15 P.M.

There will be no private booking or sale of advance tickets, so that it will rest entirely with the public to secure good seats.

For the FIRST NIGHT prices will be as follows:—

Centre Block, Dress Circle	...	\$10.
Remaining	...	\$5.
Stalls	...	\$5.
Pit and Gallery	...	\$2.

and for the SECOND NIGHT:—

Dress Circle	...	\$5.
Stalls	...	\$4.
Pit and Gallery	...	\$2.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half-prices on Second Night.

BOOKING OPENS AT MOUTRIE'S
on Tuesday, October 22nd, at 9 a.m.

ALSACE-LORRAINE.

AMAZING REVELATIONS.

MUTINY AND REPRESSION.

A statement issued in high military quarters throws light on the treatment of natives of Alsace-Lorraine in the ranks of the German army. In reinforcing the Western front by divisions brought from the Eastern front, the German High Command realised that it was about to oppose to the *Enfer* troops considerable bodies of men from Alsace-Lorraine. It certainly foresaw the difficulties which the employment of these troops would create; but the use of the men was necessary, and could not be avoided. "We can no longer," said a German order, "divert the Alsace-Lorraine troops from the Western front." The necessity imposed upon Germany to adopt these measures was a fresh proof, if such were necessary, of the true sentiments of the inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine enrolled by force in the service of Germany.

An order to officers, dated March 2nd, 1918, emanating from the Staff of the Seventh Army, issued in accordance with telegraphic instructions from the German Crown Prince, and referring to previous instructions of the High Command, prescribed that the employment of Alsace-Lorraine soldiers should be avoided "in particularly strained situations or at critical points. They must never be left alone in the battle zone, and they must never be employed unless they are accompanied by absolutely trustworthy men. Those who appear 'doubtful,' must be treated with an iron hand."

Subjoined is the full text of this order of the day, signed by General von Boehm: 7th Army, E. N., 11a, No. 84.

Headquarters, March 2nd, 1918.

TO OFFICERS.

The strengthening of the army by divisions from the Eastern front, comprising a large proportion of Alsace-Lorrainers, and the inclusion of such elements in divisions on the Western front, which had formerly turned over their Alsace-Lorrainers to units on the Eastern front or in those which did not have such troops before, enjoins on all commanders the strict duty of considering the difficult question of the proper treatment of the Alsace-Lorrainers. Generals of corps and divisions have received under No. 367, 11b, 7th Army, secret instructions from the High Command which pointed out that we can and must no longer divert the Alsace-Lorrainers from the Western battle-front, and indicated the manner in which we should go to work in this connection. Experience gained since has confirmed the previous experience and, unfortunately, every officer with Alsace-Lorrainers under his command has had to complain of frequent cases of disloyalty, desertion, and treason. We must, however, bear in mind at the same time the good behaviour, and even the notable exploits of certain Alsace-Lorrainers. These facts we cannot ignore.

Alsace-Lorrainers must be watched and supervised. The more this is done the more surely will good men among them be discovered, and these should be encouraged and rewarded. Men who hesitate must be trained to do their duties, but the "doubtful" must be treated with iron severity. The fact that their work is lightened and that the danger to them is reduced by their being withdrawn from the battle-line, is a stimulant to the tacit resistance of some Alsace-Lorrainers who profess French sentiments.

The plea of those who urge the presence of relatives in the French ranks, and who consequently do not wish to fight against them, must not be considered. It must be clearly explained to these people that there would be no risk of meeting their French relatives if the latter were actuated by similar scruples. The contrary has, long since, been proved. On our part we have not the right to diminish by a hair's breadth our demands that the Alsace-Lorrainer, wherever he may be fighting, should defend his country as a German soldier. The German Empire against the French plans of conquest. The High Command specially draws attention, in a telegram No. 6,090, 1a, Secret, to the fact that every thing must be avoided which might be an encouragement to disloyalty, or which might, on the other hand, provoke the mistrust of Alsace-Lorrainers at critical points. They must never be left alone in the battle zone. When fresh cases of desertion by Alsace-Lorrainers occurred recently in the army zone the Army Group gave the order under No. 4,480 1a-b, Secret, that "Alsace-Lorrainers may be employed in the battle zone only when accompanied by absolutely trustworthy men, and that in delicate situations it should be directed that Alsace-Lorrainers should not be employed in the first line."

His Imperial Highness ordered, in a telegram No. 4,489-3 1a 1b, of February 23rd, the adoption of definite measures in the above indicated sense, and gave instructions that divisional and regimental commanders should be responsible for their execution.

(Signed) VON BOEHM.

A service note from the Fifth Army, dated June 24th, orders an inquiry into the attitude and conduct of the Alsace-Lorrainers during the last few months. It inquires whether the special measures of which they are the object should be suppressed, and whether such suppression is possible or desirable. The note asks the question, but it indicates the reply which is expected.

and conduct of Alsace-Lorrainers soldiers during these last few months, and to inform me how far they consider it necessary to apply a special treatment to the Alsace-Lorrainers. Does the suppression of the special measures now in force with regard to these men seem to them either possible or desirable? What proposals have they for the future treatment of Alsace-Lorrainers? Will they indicate the number of Alsace-Lorrainers in each company?

(Signed) VON RATHENOW.

During the month of May, 1918, a mutiny in which 10,000 Alsace-Lorrainers took part, broke out in the depot of Beverloo (Belgium). It was ruthlessly suppressed. The Alsace-Lorrainers were termed "miserable traitors to the Fatherland." These "misguided cowards" are accused of "using the French language and of singing French songs." The following is a translation of the order, posted in all the companies' quarters at the Beverloo depot, on May 13th, 1918:—

Infantry Depot, Beverloo, Belgium, May 13th, 1918.

Commander's Office.—This order is to be at once communicated to the non-commissioned officers and privates, after which it must be posted up in all the companies' quarters:—

Comrades of the Infantry Depot!—Amongst the men who have returned from the Eastern front there are a large number of soldiers, born in Alsace-Lorraine, whose aim is to disavow and betray the Fatherland. Guided and led by unscrupulous people in enemy pay, and corrupted by enemy agents and spies, these soldiers, imposed on and deceived, have made an attempt—quite forgetful of their oath of loyalty—to escape into Holland. The attempt has completely failed, and the ringleaders are already either under arrest or will shortly be so. The operations of these criminal traitors to the Fatherland must be put a stop to once for all. I am counting on your help. Everyone who denounces one of these traitors will be doing his duty towards his Fatherland, and will be deserving of his country's gratitude, as well as that of our brave comrades at the front. Therefore, help me to arrest every one of these traitors who has not yet been taken. You will thus be fulfilling your duty towards those brave Alsacians who are doing their duty. By using the French language, singing French songs, meeting in woods and solitary places, these misguided cowards try to summon up courage to perform the enemy's work and to injure their Fatherland. I am, therefore, obliged to take the following measures, by which innocent soldiers will suffer for the time being. Consequently it depends on these soldiers, and especially on the most loyal non-commissioned officers and privates, as to whether these measures be rendered more harsh.

Then follows an order directing that the Alsace-Lorrainers shall be divided up among different companies, and that these men shall be most closely watched. None should be allowed to leave camp without a permit. Lastly, an order from the 42nd Division, dated July 4th, 1918, states that the Alsace-Lorrainers in the army groups of the Crown Prince must under no pretext be employed in the front lines during active operations. It orders the strictest application of this measure.

These documents constitute the most eloquent reply to the official declarations of Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, and Count Hertling, who have dared to maintain that, in spite of evidence to the contrary, Alsace-Lorraine is a German province. In the letter written by William I. to the Empress Eugenie, a letter which M. Pichon made public in March this year in the course of the ceremony commemorating the forty-seventh anniversary of the protest of the deputies of Alsace-Lorraine, we had striking confirmation of that which we already knew, namely, that the Germans do not believe what they write, and they do not say what they believe.

WHERE IGNORANCE IS BLISS!

That brilliant novelist, H. G. Wells, tells a story of a strange visitor to earth who asked "What is pain?" then put his hand into a lighted candle—and found out! That put an end to his blissful ignorance.

There are a few people alive—few enough in all conscience—who are blissfully ignorant that they possess a liver. They never have to think of it, because it never troubles them, and a liver that is in good working order never makes its presence felt! But the vast majority of us are rudely reminded, at one time or another, that the liver can be particularly troublesome. It may be that a change of weather, or the taking of unsuitable food, is resented by the liver, and what then? Trouble very, very soon! Headaches, torturing bouts of biliousness, irritability, blurred vision, specks before the eyes, bad complexion, and chronic weariness. It must be remembered, too, that torpid, inactive liver does not aid the bowels as it should, and the consequence is constipation: with all the ills that follow in its train.

If you have already fallen victim to liver disorder, it is foolish to neglect it. In the early stages of this complaint, a few doses of that excellent stomach and liver tonic, Mother Seigel's Syrup, is generally all that is needed to regulate the liver, and to ensure the proper flow of bile so necessary to the perfect digestion of food, and the regular daily action of the bowels. If the trouble is of longer standing, it will be necessary to continue the use of the Syrup for a little longer time, but faithful use of this unsurpassed liver invigorator will bring its due reward.

But if you are wise, you will not wait until your liver troubles are serious. Be guided by the experience of the thousands of people who avoid the consequences of stomach and liver trouble just by taking Mother Seigel's Syrup. They feel the slightest tendency to liveriness, or have partaken heartily of food which might disagree with them; Mother Seigel's Syrup never fails them, and it won't fail you.

OUR DAY



Thursday, OCTOBER 24th.

ENTERTAINMENT

AT THE BOTANICAL GARDENS

GATES OPEN AT 7.30 P.M.

RAFFLES

AT THE

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RAFFLE of Dodge Moto. Car at the Portuguese Stall.
Tickets NOW on sale 1 cent to \$12.00.

RAFFLE for special prizes, tickets \$1.00 each.

RAFFLE for 1,000 prizes kindly presented by the Portuguese Community. Tickets 20 cents each.

The BAND of the Portuguese Philharmonic Society, will play throughout the evening.

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JUST A MOMENT

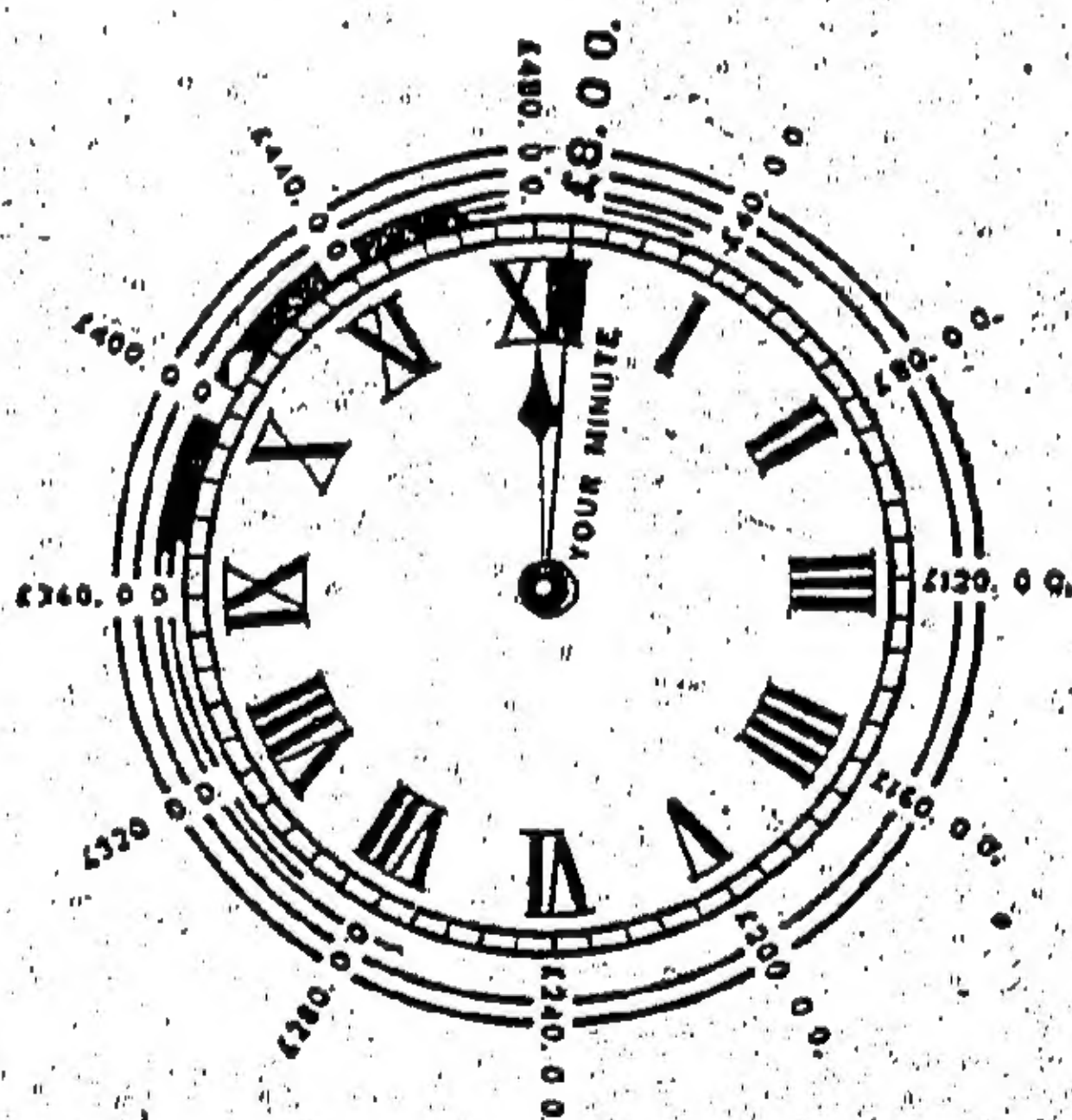
Every minute costs the RED CROSS £8.0.0 and to meet this enormous expenditure a special appeal is made all over the world on

"OUR DAY."

You can be responsible for the whole of the Red Cross expenditure for one minute or half a minute.

DON'T FORGET

there are 525,600 minutes in a year—make yourself responsible for one of them.

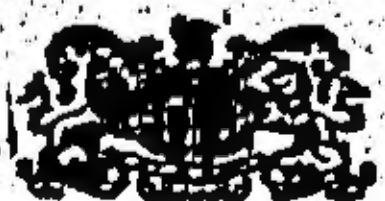


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One hour represents a cost of	£480.0.0
One week	£280,640.0.0
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Send "Your Minute" of £8.0.0. to Lady May's Rose Fund.
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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22nd, 1918.

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"MY LORD IN LIVERY"

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MUSICAL MEDLEY

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THE VICTORIA THEATRE.

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FOR	STEAMERS	TO	DATE
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SHANGHAI	"SINJIANG"	On 22nd Oct. 1 P.M.	
SHANGHAI	"SUIYANG"	On 24th Oct. 1 P.M.	

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Steamers	Leave Hongkong	Connecting Mail	Due at	Due at
to	from	via	MARSEILLES	LONDON
COLOMBO	NOON	via	1 P.M.	1 P.M.

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved to Hongkong at the time of Booking. On the Australian Route Interchangeable with Orient Line.

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NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	AKI MARU 12,300 TONS SAT. 19th Oct. Noon. NIKKO MARU 9,800 TONS SAT. 14th Dec. 11 A.M.	
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	TOTOMI MARU 7,000 TONS WED. 23rd Oct. Oct. YETOHOFU MARU 8,800 TONS SAT. 26th Oct. Oct. KOSOKU MARU 7,000 TONS TUES. 29th Oct. Oct.	
LONDON or LIVERPOOL via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGOA BAY & CAPE TOWN		
MELBOURNE via MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURB, IS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE & SYDNEY		
NEW YORK via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO & PANAMA CANAL		
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, MALACCA & COLOMBO		
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON		

[Omitting Shanghai and/or Moji.]

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